CITY OF MONROE, IOWA

Independent Auditors' Report Basic Financial Statements and Supplemental Information and Findings

June 30, 2010

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City of Monroe, Iowa

Officials

Name	Title	Term Expires
Doug Duinink	Mayor	December 2011
David Pendroy	Mayor Pro Tem	December 2013
Brian Briles	Council Member	December 2011
Kathleen Van Veen	Council Member	December 2011
James Breckenridge	Council Member	December 2013
John Vriezelaar	Council Member	December 2013
Sandy Breckenridge	City Administrator	Indefinite
Kim Thomas	City Clerk	Indefinite
Caldwell, Caldwell & Caldwell	City Attorney	Annually

POLLARD AND COMPANY P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

IOWA SOCIETY OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Monroe

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Monroe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our reports as dated below on our consideration of the City of Monroe's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison information are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We applied limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Monroe's basic financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such

information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

October 29, 2010

Polland and Company P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Monroe provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements which follow.

2010 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Receipts of the City's governmental activities increased \$234,759 from fiscal 2009 to 2010.

Disbursements of the City's governmental activities increased \$181,012 in fiscal 2010 from fiscal 2009.

Public Safety disbursements decreased \$3,454, while Public Works disbursements increased \$57,467.

The City's total receipts for governmental activities were \$1,490,705 for June 30, 2010 compared to \$1,255,946 from June 30, 2009

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year 2010 were \$388,678 compared to \$394,998 in fiscal year 2009. Total disbursements for the fiscal year 2010 were \$562,686 compared to \$306,558 from fiscal year 2009.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements as well as other requirements as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the government's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major governmental and the City's indebtedness.

Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City does not report capital assets or depreciation on its assets as would be required by GAAP. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of a cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information which helps answer this question.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business Type Activities include the waterworks and sanitary sewer system. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. They focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Employee Benefits, Road Use Tax, Local Option Sales Tax and Urban Renewal Tax Increment, 3) the Debt Service Fund, 4) the Capital Projects Fund, and 5) the Permanent Fund. The government fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operation and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

2. Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business-type activities. The City maintains two Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water and sewer funds, considered to be major funds of the City.

The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

Reconciliation between the government-wide statement and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

<u>GOYERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS</u>
Net assets may serve overotime as a useful indicator of financial position. The analysis that follows focuses on the

changes in cash balances for governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Receipts		FY2010
Program Receipts		LIMULY
Charges for Services	\$	167,215
General Receipts		
Property Tax		357,377
Tax Increment Financing		279,239
Local Option Sales Tax		130,518
Licenses & Permits		5,777
Use of Money & Property		5,722
Intergovernmental		264,708
Interfund Loan		70,000
Miscellaneous	-	210,149
Total receipts	\$	1,490,705
Disbursements		
Description		FY2010
Public Safety	\$	316,296
Public Works		349,083
Health and social services		800
Culture and recreation		107,836
Community and economic development		9,211
General government		82,046
Debt Service		414,848
Capital projects		172,295
Total disbursements	\$	1,452,415
Cash basis net assets beginning of year	\$	643,224
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$	681,514
Cault Sault for added one of John	4,	00.,07.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Business Type Activities

Receipts:

Program receipts:	
Charges for service:	FY2010
Water	\$ 209,937
Sewer	 178,741
Total receipts	\$ 388,678
Disbursements:	
Water	\$ 273,349
Sewer	145,093
Interfund Loan	70,000
Capital Projects	21,550
Debt Service	 52,694
Total disbursements	\$ 562,686
Cash basis net assets beginning of year	\$ 314,123
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$ 214,360
Increase/(Decrease) in cash balance	\$ (99,763)

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year 2010 were \$388,678 compared to \$394,998 in fiscal year 2009. Total disbursements for the fiscal year 2010 were \$562,686 compared to \$306,558 from fiscal year 2009.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Monroe completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$681,514, an increase of \$38,290 from last year's total of \$643,224. The following are major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

The General Fund cash balance increased due to disbursements for the City's governmental functions decreasing to not exceed property tax and other receipts. The City also recouped over \$20,000 in cable franchise fees. General Fund balance will need to rise as the City faces important updates to several of the City's governmental activities (public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects). Property tax and grants finance most of these activities

The Road Use Tax Fund receipts increased by \$9,807 to \$159,816 during the fiscal year. The City used this money to upgrade the condition of the city roads and transportation systems.

Land was donated to the City of Monroe to establish the City's newest park, Monroe Recreation Park.

Volunteers and a newly assembled Recreation Park Board of Directors have been developing the property since 2007 to have four ball fields, soccer fields, and future play areas, picnic sites, and shelter house. The committees talk of one day adding a fifth ball field, spray-park, and possibly a fishing pond.

The 2010 Water Main Project fund was established in the current fiscal year to account for a major water project within the City.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopted its budget in March 2010, following required public notice. The City amended its budget in May 2010 to provide for financing and disbursements for capital projects and debt service.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2010 the City had \$825,000 in general obligation bonds compared to \$1,185,000 at June 30, 2009. The City had revenue bonds balance totaling \$479,731 at June 30, 2010 as compared to \$513,448 at June 30, 2009. With the 2010 Water Main project, general obligation bonds will increase for fiscal year 2011.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of the general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$825,000 is significantly below the constitutional debt limit of \$3,739,858. Although the city's general obligation bonds are counted in the constitutional debt limit, they are all paid by tax increment funds as well as Local Option Tax funds.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

It is becoming increasing difficult to maintain the current tax rate. The state roll back of taxable valuation on residential property continues to erode the tax base. Fortunately the City has seen an increase in properties, but with the added houses, there is also an increase in costs of operation. Fifty percent of the local option tax, effective July 1, 2010, will be used for property tax relief.

Costs are increasing for Public Safety. Training is a very important tool for the Police and Fire Department, and comes at a cost. Up-to-date equipment is critical for Police, Fire, and Rescue. All new hires or volunteers must have physicals before they can be hired or volunteer for the City. The City has upgraded the Ambulance Driver to Paramedic status and that requires extra training, equipment, and supplies for the ambulance. The department has two ambulances to furnish with equipment.

Dated water and sewer lines and treatment plants need to be addressed for Public Works water and sewer departments. The City replaced water mains with 2006 water main project and will again with the 2010 water main project slated to replace over 13,000 linear feet of water main. In addition, the State is planning to impose new standards on water quality that will result in upgrades for Monroe's east and west lagoon systems. Although, the upgrades may not have to be done immediately, the City must begin planning for the improvements. The City of Monroe plans to use fifty percent of Local Option Tax funds to begin replacing and upgrading water and sewer lines in the city.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have question about this report or need additional financial information, contact: Sandy Breckenridge, City Administrator, 206 W Sherman, Box 370, Monroe, IA 50170.

City of Monroe, Iowa Statement of Activities and Net Assets – Cash Basis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2010

			Program Receipts								
	Disbursements			harges for Services	Cont	rating Grants, tributions, and tricted Interest	Cont	pital Grants, ributions and icted Interest			
Functions/Programs											
Governmental Activities											
Public safety	\$	316,296	\$	83,576	\$	100	\$				
Public works		349,083		108,954		167,713					
Health and social services		800									
Culture and recreation		107,836		5,140		6,298					
Community and economic development		9,211				30,840					
General government		82,046		5,777							
Debt service		414,848									
Capital projects		172,295						165,869			
Total governmental activities		1,452,415		203,447		204,951		165,869			
Business type activities											
Water		273,349		209,210							
Sewer		145,092		178,490							
Total business type activities		418,441		387,700							
Total	\$	1,870,856	\$	591,147	\$	204,951	\$	165,869			

General Receipts

Property tax levied for

General purposes

Tax increment financing

Local option sales tax

Unrestricted interest on investments

Miscellaneous

Interfund Loan

Total general receipts and transfers

Change in cash basis net assets

Cash basis net assets beginning of year

Cash basis net assets end of year

Cash basis net assets

Restricted

Streets

Urban renewal purposes

Debt service

Other purposes

Unrestricted

Total cash basis net assets

There were no reconciling items between the Governmental and Fiduciary Fund Statements of Cash Receipts, Dishursements and Changes in Cash Balances and the above Statement. See notes to financial statements.

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	iness Type ctivities	Total				
9	(232,620)	\$	\$	(232,620)			
	(72,416)			(72,416)			
	(800)			(800)			
	(96,398)			(96,398)			
	21,629			21,629			
	(76,269)			(76,269)			
	(414,848)			(414,848)			
	(6,426)	 		(6,426)			
_	(878,148)			(878,148)			
		(64,139)		(64,139)			
		33,398		33,398			
		 (30,741)		(30,741)			
- 9	(878,148)	\$ (30,741)	\$	(908,889)			
		 		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	357,377			357,377			
	279,239			279,239			
	130,518			130,518			
	5,414	953		6,367			
	73,890	25		73,915			
	70,000	 (70,000)					
_	916,438	 (69,022)		847,416			
_							
	38,290	(99,763)		(61,473)			
_	643,224	 314,123		957,347			
_	681,514	\$ 214,360	\$	895,874			
;	(40,354)	\$	\$	(40,354)			
	41,012			41,012			
	92,062	16,177		108,239			
	465,532			465,532			
	123,262	 198,183		321,445			
	681,514	\$ 214,360	\$	895,874			

City of Monroe, Iowa Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2010

Receipts		General		Urban Renewal Tax	Local	Ontion Sales
Desginto	¢		 Road Use Tax	Increment	Local Option Sal Tax	
•	4					
Property Taxes	φ	277,607	\$	\$	\$	
Other City Tax		29,610		279,239		130,518
Licenses and Permits		5,777				
Use of Money and Property		5,518				-
Intergovernmental		36,445	159,816			
Charges for Services		164,183				
Miscellaneous		39,604	 			
Total Receipts	·	558,744	 159,816	279,239		130,518
Disbursements						
Operating						
Public Safety		284,832				
Public Works		91,921	235,883			
Health and Social Services		800				
Culture and Recreation		101,610				
Community and Economic Development		3,233				
General Government		73,952				
Debt Service						
Capital Projects			 			
Total Disbursements		556,348	235,883			
Excess (deficiency) of receipts						
over (under) disbursements		2,396	 (76,067)	279,239		130,518
Other financing sources (uses)	,					
Interfund Loan				70,000		
Operating transfers in		83,352				
Operating transfers out			(84,560)	(337,620)		(193,498)
Total other financing sources (uses)		83,352	 (84,560)	(267,620)		(193,498)
Net change in cash balances		85,748	 (160,627)	11,619		(62,980)
Cash balance (deficit) - beginning of year		37,514	120,273	29,393		122,980
Cash balance (deficit) - end of year	\$	123,262	\$ (40,354)	\$ 41,012	\$	60,000
Cash basis fund balances (deficit)						
Unreserved						
Debt service	\$		\$	\$	\$	
General fund		123,262				
Special revenue funds			(40,354)	41,012		60,000
Capital projects fund						
Permanent fund						
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	123,262	\$ (40,354)	\$ 41,012	\$	60,000

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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1 3	បាវេទាវ	Pro	ects

_		•			•					
	Employee Benefits		Cemetery petual Care]	Debt Service		Recreation Complex		her Nonmajor ernmental Funds	Total
\$	66,368	ŝ		\$		\$		\$	13,402 \$	357,377
*	20,000	•		•		•		•	•	439,367
										5,777
							204			5,722
									38,837	235,098
			3,032							167,215
	4,676		•				165,869			210,149
	71,044		3,032				166,073		52,239	1,420,705
	31,267								197	316,296
	16,087								5,192	349,083
										800
	6,226									107,836
									5,978	9,211
	7,694				400					82,046
					414,848					414,848
							98,675		73,620	172,295
	61,274				415,248		98,675		84,987	1,452,415
_	9,770		3,032		(415,248)		67,398		(32,748)	(31,710)
										70,000
					458,706				73,620	615,678
					450,766				10,000	(615,678)
					458,706				73,620	70,000
	9,770		3,032		43,458		67,398		40,872	38,290
	27,010		109,476		48,604		104,598		43,376	643,224
\$	36,780	\$	112,508	\$	92,062	\$	171,996	\$	84,248 \$	681,514
								,		
\$		\$		\$	92,062	\$		\$	\$	92,062
										123,262
	36,780								1,973	99,411
							171,996		82,275	254,271
			112,508							112,508
\$	36,780	\$	112,508	\$	92,062	\$	171,996	\$	84,248 \$	681,514

City of Monroe, Iowa Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds As of and for the year ended June 30, 2010

Operating receipts Charges for service \$ 209,210 \$ 178,490 \$ 387,700 Miscellaneous 25 25 Total operating receipts 209,235 178,490 387,725 Operating disbursements Business type activities 231,876 112,321 344,197 Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 Non-operating receipts (disbursements) 702 251 953 Interest on Investments 700 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763) Cash balances - beginning of year 107,540 206,583 314,123		 Water	 Sewer		Total
Miscellaneous 25 25 Total operating receipts 209,235 178,490 387,725 Operating disbursements 231,876 112,321 344,197 Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 Non-operating receipts (disbursements) 702 251 953 Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Operating receipts				
Total operating receipts 209,235 178,490 387,725 Operating disbursements	Charges for service	\$ 209,210	\$ 178,490	\$	387,700
Operating disbursements	Miscellaneous	25			25
Business type activities 231,876 112,321 344,197 Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 Non-operating receipts (disbursements) 702 251 953 Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Total operating receipts	209,235	 178,490		387,725
Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements Non-operating receipts (disbursements) Interest on Investments Interfund Loan Capital Projects Debt Service Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 702 251 953 (70,000) (70,000) (70,000) (21,550) (21,550) (21,550) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) (52,694) (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Operating disbursements				
over operating disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 Non-operating receipts (disbursements) 702 251 953 Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Business type activities	 231,876	 112,321	,	344,197
over operating disbursements (22,641) 66,169 43,528 Non-operating receipts (disbursements) 702 251 953 Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Excess of operating receipts				
Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(22,641)	 66,169	,	43,528
Interest on Investments 702 251 953 Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Non-operating receipts (disbursements)				
Interfund Loan (70,000) (70,000) Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)		702	251		953
Capital Projects (21,550) (21,550) Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)			(70,000)		(70,000)
Debt Service (19,923) (32,771) (52,694) Total non-operating receipts (disbursements) (40,771) (102,520) (143,291) Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)		(21,550)			(21,550)
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	•	(19,923)	(32,771)		(52,694)
over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Total non-operating receipts (disbursements)	 (40,771)	 (102,520)		(143,291)
over (under) disbursements (63,412) (36,351) (99,763)	Excess (deficiency) of receipts			•	
Cash balances - beginning of year 107,540 206,583 314,123		 (63,412)	 (36,351)		(99,763)
	Cash balances - beginning of year	107,540	206,583		314,123
Cash balances - end of year \$ 44,128 \$ 170,232 \$ 214,360	Cash balances - end of year	\$ 44,128	\$ 170,232	\$	214,360
Cash basis fund balances	Cash basis fund balances				
Reserved for debt service \$ 16,177 \$ \$ 16,177	Reserved for debt service	\$ 16,177	\$	\$	16,177
Unreserved 27,951 170,232 198,183	Unreserved	27,951	170,232		198,183
Total cash basis fund balances \$ 44,128 \$ 170,232 \$ 214,360	Total cash basis fund balances	\$ 44,128	\$ 170,232	\$	214,360

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Monroe, Iowa Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2010

1/ Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Monroe is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Jasper County. It was first incorporated in 1877 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a nonpartisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, culture, recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Monroe has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing board and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City, but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Jasper County Assessor's Conference Board, the Jasper County E-911 Joint Service Board, the Marion County E-911 and the Jasper County Emergency Management Commission..

The City also participates in the Jasper County Economic Development, the Monroe Community Development, the Safety Coalition of Central Iowa Cities Shared Services, and the Jasper County Animal Rescue League, jointly governed organizations established pursuant to Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary net assets. Net assets are reported in two categories:

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets demonstrates the degree to which direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for road construction and maintenance.

The Urban Renewal Tax Increment Fund is used to account for urban renewal projects financed by tax increment financing.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and expenditure of local option sales taxes.

The Employee Benefits Fund is used to account for the tax levy and the disbursement of benefits.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Project Recreation Complex Fund is utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of the recreation complex

The Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund is used to account for the monies reserved to defray the costs of operating the City's cemetery.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's waste water treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Monroe maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2010, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the community and economic development and debt service functions.

2/ Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2010 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts, and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

In addition, the City had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$225,618 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are not subject to risk categorization.

Interest Rate Risk – the City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

3/ Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements for general obligation notes and revenue bonds are as follows:

	 General Oblig	gatio	n Bonds		Sewer Rev	enu	e Bonds		Water Rev	/enti	e Note	.,	Tot	al	
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2011	\$ 165,000	\$	38,537	\$	20,000	\$	11,911	\$	14,134	\$	6,082	\$	199,134	\$	56,530
2012	140,000		31,175		21,000		11,051		14,564		5,658		175,564		47,884
2013	140,000		24,513		22,000		10,148		15,007		5,221		177,007		39,882
2014	110,000		17,850		23,000		9,202		15,464		4,771		148,464		31,823
2015	110,000		12,650		24,000		8,213		15,934		4,307		149,934		25,170
2016-2022	160,000		9,700		136,000		24,725		87,241		14,066		383,241		48,491
2023-2027	-		·		31,000		1,333		40,387		1,901		71,387		3,234
Total	\$ 825,000	\$	134,425	\$	277,000	\$	76,583	\$	202,731	\$	42,006	\$	1,304,731	\$	253,014

Water Revenue Note-

The City has pledged future water customer receipts to repay a \$300,000 water revenue note issued in July, 2002 to the Central Iowa Water Association for the water connection fee. The total principal and interest payments to be paid on the note is \$ 244,737 and payable through 2023. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$19,923.

Sewer Revenue Bonds-

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$520,000 of sewer revenue bonds issued in July 2001. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of improvements to the sewage treatment system. The bonds are payable solely from the sewer customer net receipts and are payable through 2021. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 50 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$353,583. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$32,771 and \$66,169, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the sewer revenue bonds include the following provisions.

- a. The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the sewer activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the sewer fund.
- b. Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a separate revenue bond sinking account for the purpose of making the next bond principal and interest payments.

The City has established the sinking funds required by the above resolutions.

4/ Pension and Retirement Benefits

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits, which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.30% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.65% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$26,784, which is equal to the required contribution for that year.

5/ Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours and sick leave for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement, or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for these earned termination payments payable to employees at June 30, 2010, primarily relating to the General Fund, is \$32,000.

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay as of June 30, 2010.

6/ Risk Management

a) The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk sharing pool whose 634 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200 percent of the total current member's basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City of Monroe's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$25,259.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by The Travelers Insurance Company.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the members' risk-sharing certificate or in the event a series of casualty claims exhausts total member's equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2010, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance company coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions; however, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution, which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

b) The City is a member of the Iowa Municipalities Workers' Compensation Association (IMWCA) which provides workers' compensation coverage to its members. The Association is governed by a board of directors elected by representatives of the governing bodies of each participating governmental jurisdictions. The City has executed a Worker's Compensation coverage agreement with the Association which extends through June 30, 2010 and has authorized the Association to issue general obligation bonds to provide funds with which to pay claims. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City paid worker's compensation insurance premiums of \$8,448 to the Association.

7/ Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Transfer To												
	General			Water eatment		Water Main		Debt Service		Total			
Transfer from													
Urban Renewal Tax Increment	\$	_	\$	13,000	\$	60,620	\$	264,000	\$	337,620			
Local Option Sales Tax		83,352		-		-		110,146		193,498			
Road Use Tax		-		-				84,560		84,560			
	\$	83,352	\$	13,000	\$	60,620	\$	458,706	\$	615,678			

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

8/ Interfund Loan and Tax Increment Financing

The City has established two urban renewal districts and made arrangements with the county and the school, in accordance with Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa, to divide the increase in taxes, as a result of the incremental property tax valuation in those districts. The taxes so collected are paid into the City's Special Revenue Fund and are expended for project costs or debt service associated with the projects affecting the districts. In November, 2009, the Sewer Fund advanced \$70,000 to the Special Revenue Fund to pay for water and sewer improvements in an urban renewal district. The advance will be repaid from the tax increment revenues subject to annual appropriation by the City Council.

9/ Deficit Fund Balances

The Road Use Tax, Meadows and Housing Grant Funds had deficit balances of \$40,354, \$164 and \$5,700, respectively. The deficits were a result of project expenditures being made ahead of receipts. Subsequent receipts or transfers will eliminate the deficits.

10/ Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts and disclosure of liabilities, contingent liabilities, and commitments at the date of the financial statements, and the classification of receipts and disbursements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates that were used.

11/ Construction Commitments

The City has committed to the construction of water mains totaling approximately \$1,020,000 and \$80,000 for lighting at the recreation complex. In July 2010, the City issued \$2,060,000 in a general obligation bond to fund the project and refund all outstanding general obligation debt.

12/ Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 45, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pension.</u>

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 6 active and no retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Principal Life Insurance Company. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employee, in that same age category.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City. The City currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The premiums under the plan are age based on the employee or retiree's age. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City contributed \$19,728 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$2,683 to the plan.

13/ Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

The City has entered into an agreement with several other municipalities, as allowed under Code of Iowa Section 28E, to provide for economical and environmentally responsible disposal of solid waste and establish permanent environmental responsibility for the Newton Sanitary Landfill. State and federal laws and regulations

require the Newton Sanitary Landfill to place a final cover on the site and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. To date, 29% of the landfill has been filled and the estimated liability for closure and postclosure costs for such is \$4,744,200, based on 2010 cost estimates. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, technology changes, and changes in regulations. In addition, no estimate has been made for the closure and postclosure costs for the remaining acreage which has not been filled.

As specified in the 28E agreement, the City is responsible for 2.48% or approximately \$118,000 of the total landfill closure and postclosure costs. The City's proportionate share is updated annually in accordance with the agreement.

City of Monroe, Iowa
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances
Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds
Required Supplementary Information
Year ended June 30, 2010

Receipts Funds Actual Enterprise Funds Actual Net Property Taxes \$ 357,377 \$ 357,377 Tax increment financing collections 279,239 279,239 Other city tax 160,128 160,128 Licenses and permits 5,777 9 5,777 Use of money and property 5,722 953 6,675 Intergovernmental 235,098 235,098 Charges for Service 167,215 387,700 554,915 Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 1,809,383 Disbursements 2 316,296 316,296 Public safety 316,296 30,833 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 144,848 Capital projects 172,295						
Receipts Property Taxes \$ 357,377 \$ 357,377 Tax increment financing collections 279,239 279,239 Other city tax 160,128 160,128 Licenses and permits 5,777 5,777 Use of money and property 5,722 953 6,675 Intergovernmental 235,098 235,098 Charges for Service 167,215 387,700 554,915 Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 1,809,383 Disbursements 316,296 316,296 316,296 Public safety 316,296 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Go</th><th>vernmental</th><th>Enterprise</th><th></th><th></th></td<>		Go	vernmental	Enterprise		
Property Taxes \$ 357,377 \$ 357,377 Tax increment financing collections 279,239 279,239 Other city tax 160,128 160,128 Licenses and permits 5,777 5,777 Use of money and property 5,722 953 6,675 Intergovernmental 235,098 235,098 Charges for Service 167,215 387,700 554,915 Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 316,296 316,296 Public safety 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements (31,710) <t< th=""><th></th><th>Fu</th><th>nds Actual</th><th>Funds Actual</th><th></th><th>Net</th></t<>		Fu	nds Actual	Funds Actual		Net
Tax increment financing collections 279,239 279,239 Other city tax 160,128 160,128 Licenses and permits 5,777 5,777 Use of money and property 5,722 953 6,675 Intergovernmental 235,098 235,098 235,098 Charges for Service 167,215 387,700 554,915 Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 \$ 1,809,383 Disbursements 316,296 316,296 \$ 16,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 <td>Receipts</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Receipts					
Other city tax 160,128 160,128 Licenses and permits 5,777 5,777 Use of money and property 5,722 953 6,675 Intergovernmental 235,098 235,098 235,098 Charges for Service 167,215 387,700 554,915 Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 \$ 1,809,383 Disbursements Public safety 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) di	Property Taxes	\$		\$	\$	
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Miscellaneous 210,149 25 210,174 Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 \$ 1,809,383 Disbursements Public safety 316,296 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) (61,473) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing sources over disbursements 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year	Intergovernmental					
Total Receipts 1,420,705 388,678 \$ 1,809,383 Disbursements 316,296 316,296 316,296 316,296 316,296 316,296 349,083 349,083 349,083 349,083 349,083 4800 800 800 800 800 600 Colluture and recreation 107,836 107,836 107,836 107,836 107,836 20,411 9,211 9,211 9,211 60 60 82,046	Charges for Service		167,215			
Disbursements Public safety 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Miscellaneous		210,149			
Public safety 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Total Receipts		1,420,705	388,678	\$	1,809,383
Public safety 316,296 316,296 Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Dishursements					
Public works 349,083 349,083 Health and social services 800 800 Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347			316.296			316,296
Health and social services 800 800						
Culture and recreation 107,836 107,836 Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347						
Community and economic development 9,211 9,211 General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347			107.836			107,836
General government 82,046 82,046 Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347						
Debt service 414,848 414,848 Capital projects 172,295 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347			•			82,046
Capital projects 172,295 Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	5					
Business type activities 418,441 418,441 Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347						172,295
Total Disbursements 1,452,415 418,441 1,870,856 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347				418,441		418,441
over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	• •		1,452,415			
over (under) disbursements (31,710) (29,763) (61,473) Other financing sources, net 70,000 (70,000) Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Evcess (deficiency) of receipts					
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(31,710)	(29,763)	(61,473)
financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Other financing sources, net		70,000	(70,000)	
financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other					
and other financing uses 38,290 (99,763) (61,473) Balance - beginning of year 643,224 314,123 957,347	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	•		38,290	(99,763)	(61,473)
	Balance - beginning of year		643,224	314,123		957,347
	·	\$	681,514	\$ 214,360	\$	895,874

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Bud	geted	Amo	unts

Original		Final	 nal to Net Variance
\$ 344,968	\$	344,968	\$ 12,409
307,075		307,075	(27,836)
145,702		152,236	7,892
8,025		8,025	(2,248)
12,800		12,800	(6,125)
184,300		223,036	12,062
524,200		524,200	30,715
82,250		82,250	127,924
1,609,320		1,654,590	154,793
295,660		368,110	51,814
431,285		506,192	157,109
800		800	
206,100		212,980	105,144
4,000		4,000	(5,211)
92,650		108,104	26,058
313,755		313,755	(101,093)
		223,857	51,562
415,475		507,915	 89,474
1,759,725		2,245,713	 374,857
(150 405		(501-122)	520.650
(150,405	<u> </u>	(591,123)	 529,650
	·	1,200,000	1,200,000
(150,405)	608,877	 (670,350)
724,256		724,256	 233,091
\$ 573,851	\$	1,333,133	\$ (437,259)

City of Monroe, Iowa Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting June 30, 2010

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Fiduciary Funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, business type activities and non-program. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Proprietary Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$485,988. The budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in Community and Economic Development and Debt Service functions.

City of Monroe, Iowa Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of and for the year ended June 30, 2010

	Special Revenue			Capital Projects					
					 Housing				pital
		I-JOBS	F	ЕМА	 Grant	Meadov	vs	Impro	vement
Receipts									
Property tax	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	13,402
Intergovernmental		7,897		100	 30,840				
Total Receipts		7,897		100	 30,840				13,402
Disbursements									
Operating									
Public safety				197					
Public works		5,192							
Community and economic development					5,978				
Capital projects					 				
Total Disbursements		5,192		197	 5,978				
Excess (deficiency) of receipts		2,705		(97)	24,862				13,402
over disbursements									
Other financing uses									
Operating transfers in									
-F					 				
Net change in cash balances		2,705		(97)	24,862				13,402
Cash balance (deficit) - beginning of year				5,065	(30,562)	(1)	64)		69,037
Cash balance (deficit) - end of year	\$	2,705	\$	4,968	\$ (5,700)	\$ (1	64)	\$	82,439
Cash basis fund balances									
Unreserved									
Special revenue	\$	2,705	\$	4,968	\$ (5,700)	\$		\$	
Capital project fund						(1	64)		82,439
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	2,705	\$	4,968	\$ (5,700)	\$ (1	64)	\$	82,439

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

	Capital Pro	ojects	
Water N	fain W	Vater Treatment	 Total
\$	\$		\$ 13,402
-			38,837
			 52,239
			197
			5,192
			5,978
6	0,620	13,000	 73,620
6	0,620	13,000	 84,987
(6	0,620)	(13,000)	(32,748)
6	0,620	13,000	 73,620
			40,872
			43,376
			\$ 84,248
\$	\$		\$ 1,973
			82,275
<u></u>			\$ 84,248

City of Monroe, Iowa Schedule of Indebtedness For the year ended June 30, 2010

	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Amount Originally Issued
	Date of 125de	Therest rates	 1831100
General Obligation Bonds			
General Obligation Water/Sewer	August 28, 2006	4.50%	\$ 400,000
2000 General Obligation Water/Sewer	June 1, 2000	4.75 - 5.3%	900,000
General Obligation Recreation Park and Sewer	December 24, 2007	4.50%	500,000
General Obligation Street Improvement	July 10, 2006	5.75%	200,000
Malone Development	March 6, 2003	4.875%	300,000
General Obligation Street Improvement	⁶ October 24, 2005	5.50%	250,000
General Obligation Street Improvement	October 24, 2005	4.50%	200,000
Revenue Bonds Sewer Revenue Bonds Water Revenue Note	July 9, 2001 July 1, 2002	4.30% 3.00%	520,000 300,000

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Balance								
Be	eginning of	Issued	\mathbf{R}	Redeemed	\mathbf{B}_{i}	alance End			
	Year	During Year	Di	iring Year		of Year	Int	erest Paid	
\$	280,000	\$	\$	40,000		\$240,000	\$	12,600	
	90,000			90,000				4,770	
	400,000			50,000		350,000		18,219	
	140,000			20,000		120,000		8,050	
	120,000			30,000		90,000		3,162	
	75,000			50,000		25,000		3,487	
	80,000			80,000				4,560	
\$	1,185,000		\$	360,000	\$	825,000	\$	54,848	
\$	297,000		\$	20,000	\$	277,000	\$	12,771	
-	216,448			13,717		202,731		6,206	
\$	513,448		\$	33,717	\$	479,731	\$	18,977	

City of Monroe, Iowa Bond and Note Maturities June 30, 2010

	General Wate	Oblig r/Sew	•		oligation k and Se	Recreation	General Obligation Street Improvement			
	Issued Au	gust 2	8, 2006	Issued D	ecembei	24, 2007	Issued July 10,2006			
Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate.		Amount	Interest Rat		Amount	Interest Rates (%)		Amount	
2011	4.50	\$	40,000	4.50	\$	50,000	5.75	\$	20,000	
2012	4.50		40,000	4.50		50,000	5.75		20,000	
2013	4.50		40,000	4.50		50,000	5.75		20,000	
2014	4.50		40,000	4.50		50,000	5.75		20,000	
2015	4.50		40,000	4.50		50,000	5.75		20,000	
2016	4.50		40,000	4.50		50,000	5.75		20,000	
2013				4,50		50,000				
Totals		\$	240,000		\$	350,000		\$	120,000	

	General Obligation Street
Malone Development	Improvement
Issued March 6, 2003	Issued October 24, 2005

Year Ending	Interest Rates			Interest Rat	es			
June 30,	(%)	1	Amount	(%)		Amount		Total
2011	4.875	\$	30,000	5.50	. \$	25,000	\$	165,000
2012	4.875		30,000					140,000
2013	4.875		30,000					140,000
2014								110,000
2015								110,000
2016								110,000
2013								50,000
Totals		\$	90,000		\$	25,000	\$	825,000
							-	

	Issued July	9, 2001	Issued J		
Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates (%)	Amount	Interest Rates (%)	Amount	Total
2011 .	4.30	20,000	3.00	14,134	34,134
2012	4.30	21,000	3.00	14,564	35,564
2013	4.30	22,000	3.00	15,007	37,007
2014	4.30	23,000	3.00	15,464	38,464
2015	4.30	24,000	3.00	15,934	39,934
2016	4.30	25,000	3.00	16,419	41,419
2017	4.30	26,000	3.00	16,918	42,918
2018	4.30	27,000	3.00	17,432	44,432
2019	4.30	28,000	3.00	17,963	45,963
2020	4.30	30,000	3.00	18,509	48,509
2021	4.30	31,000	3.00	19,072	50,072
2022			3.00	19,652	19,652
2023			3.00	1,663	1,663
Totals		277,000	-	\$ 202,731	\$ 479,731

Water Revenue Note

Sewer Revenue Bonds

POLLARD AND COMPANY P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

IOWA SOCIETY OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City Monroe, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon as dated below. Our report expressed unqualified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered The City of Monroe's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in Part 1 of the accompanying Schedule of Pindings, that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Monroe's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City of Monroe's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Monroe and other parties to whom the City of Monroe may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

October 29, 2010

Pollund at Company P.C.

CITY OF MONROE, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

PART I:

Findings Related to the Financial Statements

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

I-A-10 Segregation of Duties

One important aspect of internal accounting control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. We noted that generally one person has control over each of the following areas:

- Opening mail, collecting at City Hall, listing cash receipts, posting to computer, bank deposits, and bank account reconciliations.
- 2) Payroll preparation, posting to computer and distribution.

Recommendation

We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. The City should continue to review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response

We will continue to review the internal control procedures and segregate duties to the extent possible.

Conclusion

Response accepted.

PART II

Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting

II-A-10 Certified Budget

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2010 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the Community and Economic Development, and Debt Service functions. Chapter 384,20 of the Code of Iowa states in part that public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

Recommendation

The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response

The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

Conclusion

Response accepted.

II-B-10 Questionable Disbursements

We noted no disbursements for parties, banquets or other entertainment expenses that do not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

II-C-10 Travel Expense

No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

II-D-10 Business Transactions

There were no business transactions between the City and City officials or employees during the year.

II-E-10 Bond Coverage

Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions.

II-F-10 Council Minutes

No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.

II-G-10 Deposits and Investments

No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.

II-H-10 Retention of Electronic Records

The City receives and retains an electronic copy of the canceled checks, but the electronic image does not include the back of the checks as required by Section 540D.114 of the Code of Iowa.

Recommendation

The City should retain electronic images of the back of the canceled checks in accordance with Section 554D.114 of the Code of Iowa.

Response

We will contact the bank and discuss the matter with them.

Conclusion

Response accepted

II-J-07 Financial Condition

The Road Use Tax, Meadows, and Housing Grant Funds had deficit balances at June 30, 2010 of \$40,354, \$164, and \$5,700, respectively.

Recommendation

The City should investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return these funds to a sound financial position.

Response

Note 8 of the financial statements indicates the City's plans to eliminate the deficits.

Conclusion

Response accepted.

II-K-10 Public Hearing for Installment Purchase Agreement

The City did not hold a public hearing before entering into an installment purchase agreement as required by Section 364.4 of the Code of Iowa.

Recommendation

Prior to entering into any installment purchase agreement, the City should hold a public hearing as required by Chapter 364.4 of the Code of Iowa.

Response

The City will hold a public hearing as required.

Conclusion

Response accepted.